

# LE PROJET PHYTEO : PERTINENCE DE LA FILIÈRE CULTURE DE PLANTES AROMATIQUES PRODUCTRICES D'HE POUR LE PHYTOMANAGEMENT DE SOLS POLLUÉS PAR LES ÉLÉMENTS TRACES MÉTALLIQUES

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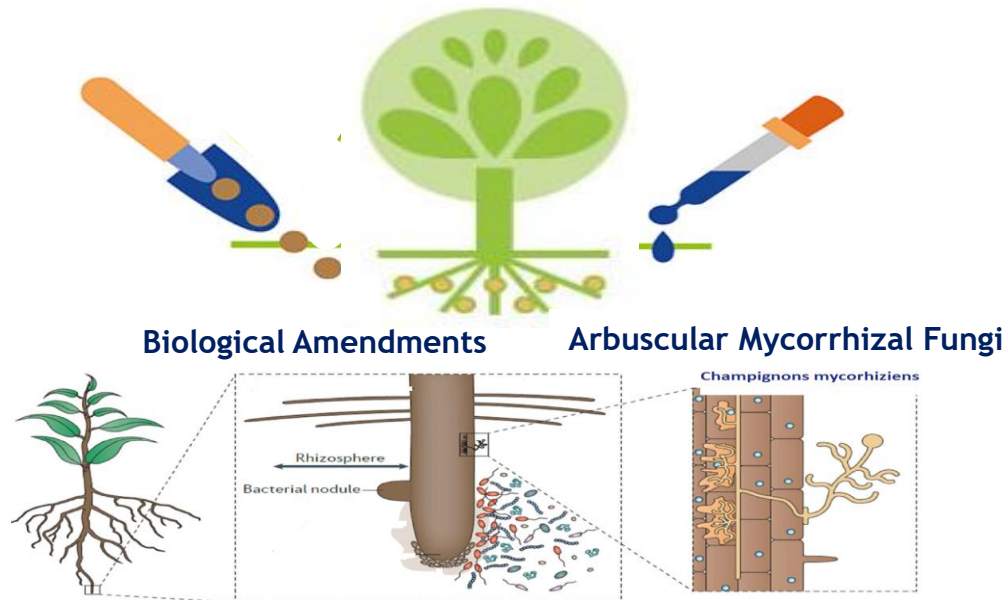
<sup>2</sup> : Unité Technologies Propres et Economie Circulaire, INERIS



# Phytomanagement of contaminated areas

Aided phytostabilization channel at field scale

Use of natural plant ability and its associated soil microorganisms to stabilize inorganic pollutants



- Exploration of more important soil volume by the AMF
- Better water and mineral nutritions for the plant
- Better plant growth and stress tolerance
- Contribution to pollutant stabilization

Valorization of the biomass produced on polluted soils (essential oil production)



**PhytEO**  
Phytostabilization  
and Essential Oil

# Project objectives

Valorization channel => non-food perspective - vegetable biomass produced on agricultural contaminated soils - combination of aided phytostabilization (aromatic plants) and essential oil production



Setting up of a large scale *in situ* assay  
-  
Initial characterization



Aromatic plant growth & development monitoring



Amendment (biological) contribution on :  
- biomass and EO's yields  
- TE immobilisation (INERIS collaboration)



Trace Elements :  
Time monitoring in soil and plant aerial parts  
- Total content  
- Easily-extractable fraction



- EO distillation  
- EO quality assessment  
TE contamination? (INERIS collaboration)  
Chemical composition?



Techno-economic viability assessment  
-  
Social acceptance



# *In situ* experimental site - Metaleurop

Two experimental  
plots of 2 hectares :



Unpolluted plot  
Rodelinghem

TE-polluted plot  
Evin-Malmaison



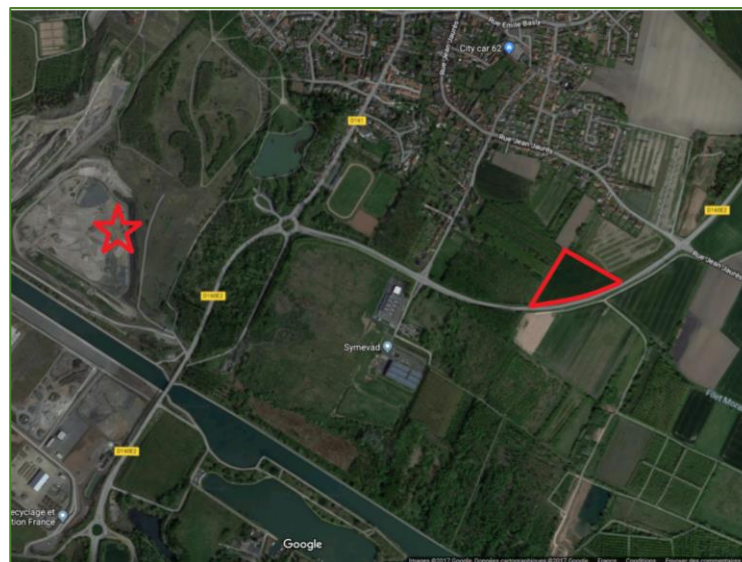
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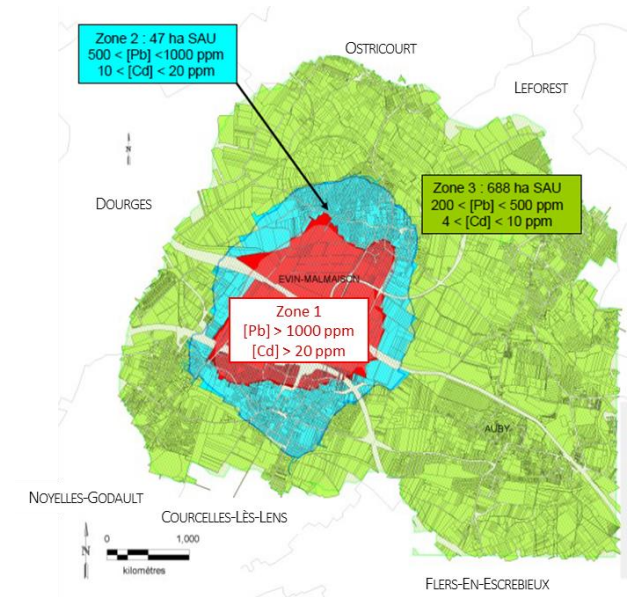
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- Monitoring of 9 TE (As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Hg, Ni, Pb, Sb, Zn)



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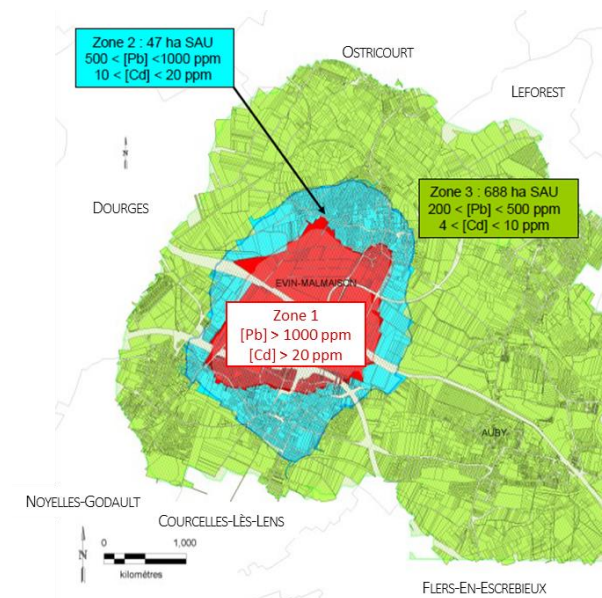
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TE amount	Unpolluted		Polluted	
	Total (mg.Kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Echangeable (μg.g <sup>-1</sup> )	Total (mg.Kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Echangeable (μg.g <sup>-1</sup> )
Cd	0,4 ± 0,03	0,009 ± 0,001	7 ± 0,4 <span style="color:red">x17</span>	0,11 ± 0,06
Pb	22 ± 2	0,015 ± 0,006	394 ± 16 <span style="color:red">x11</span>	0,079 ± 0,004
Zn	48 ± 2	0,61 ± 0,10	443 ± 12 <span style="color:red">x6</span>	0,93 ± 0,07



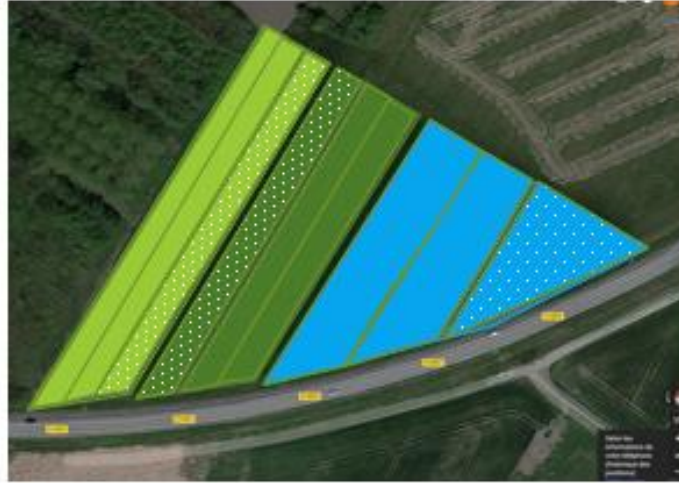
# *In situ* experimental site - conditions

Two successive years (2017 - 2019)

Unpolluted plot



TE-polluted plot



- Not amended - control
- Amended with a biological inoculum (mycorrhizal fungi)

Angelica



Coriander



Sage





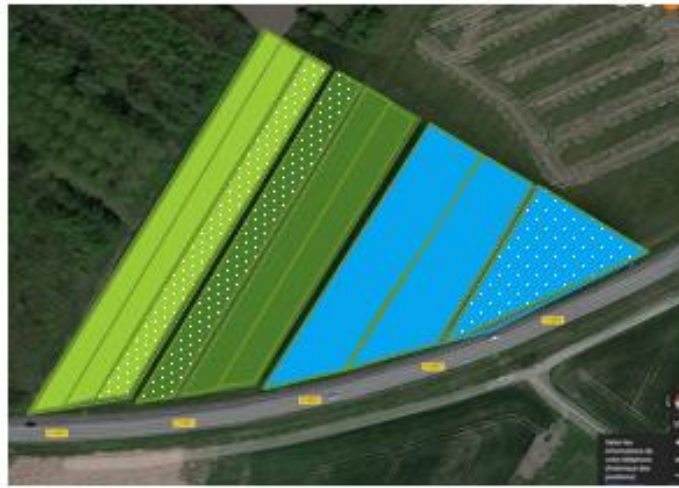
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Selection criteria

Life cycle (annual / biennial / perennial) - plant species acclimatization - agricultural practices - harvested parts

Phytostabilization potential

Commercial potential in a non-food valorization channel (Seed prices and availability - EO selling price - market opportunities)

# Clary sage emergence & growth



Year 1



Year 2



Year 3





# Clary sage emergence & growth



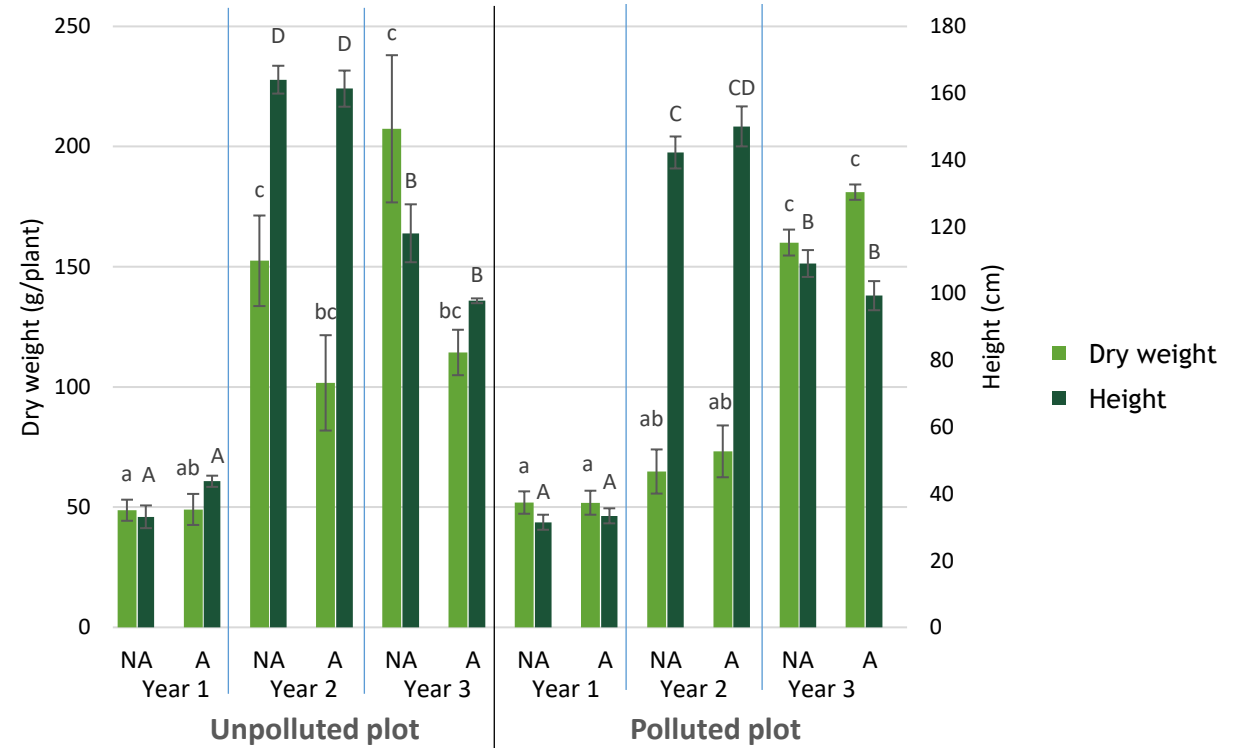
Year 1



Year 2



Year 3



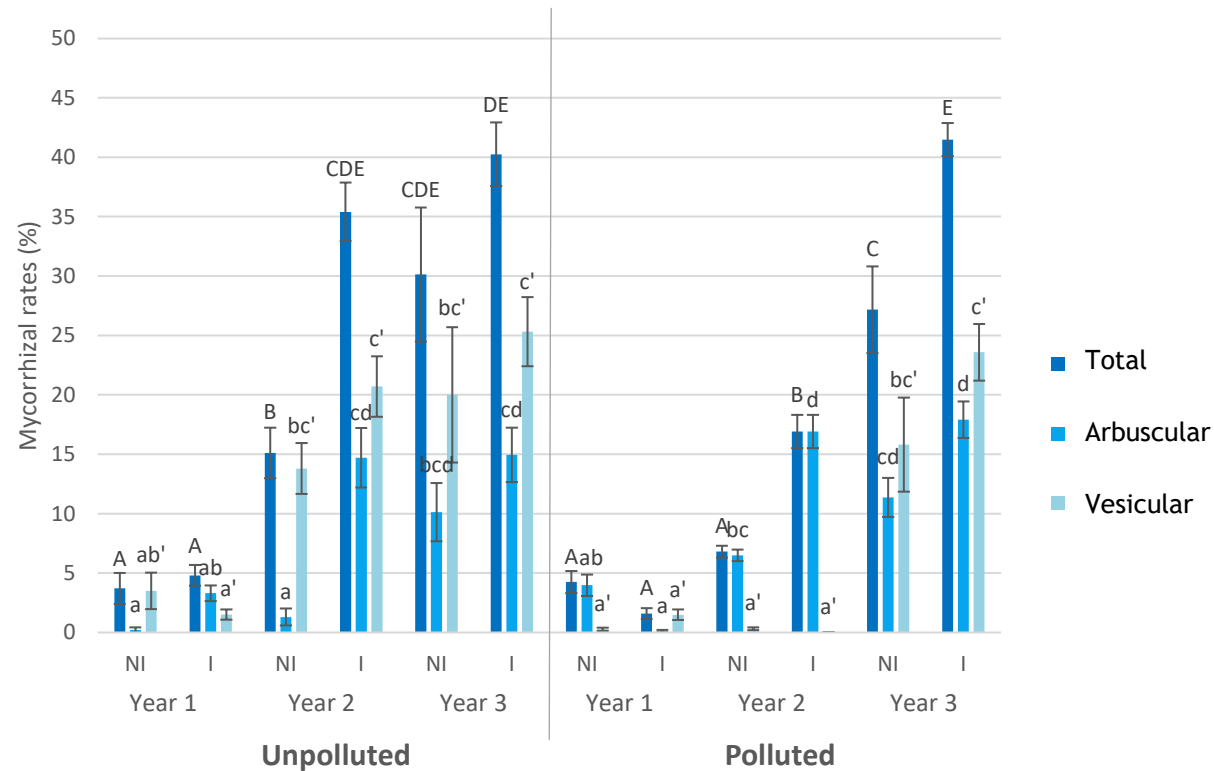
NA : Not amended

A : Amended

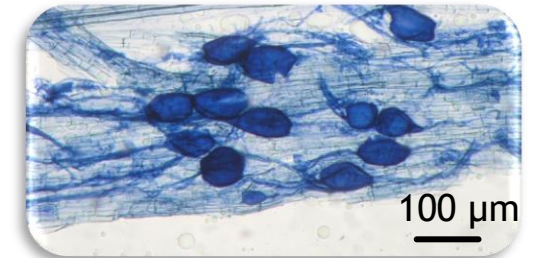
Multiple comparison, ANOVA-2F (n=6)



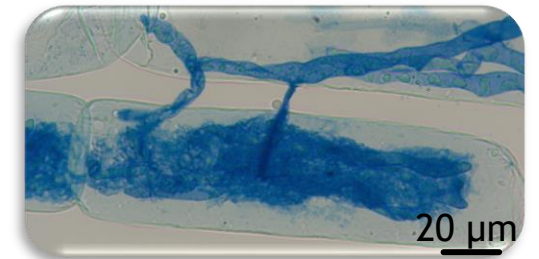
# Clary sage root mycorrhizization



Vesicles



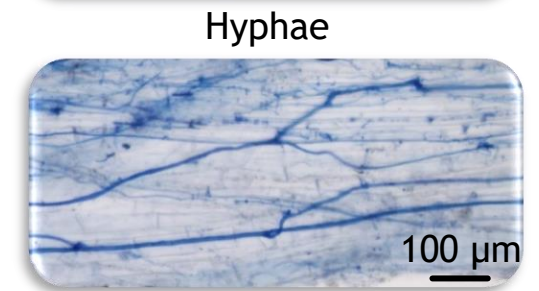
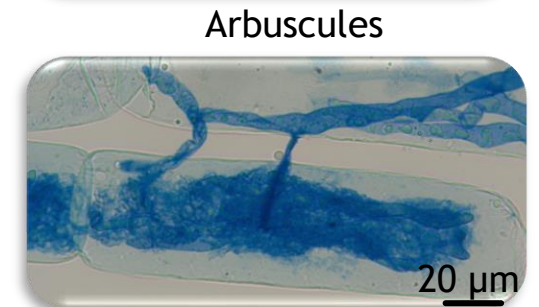
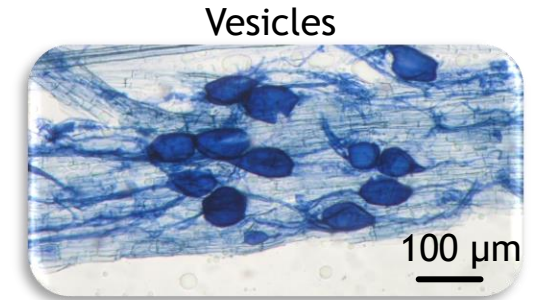
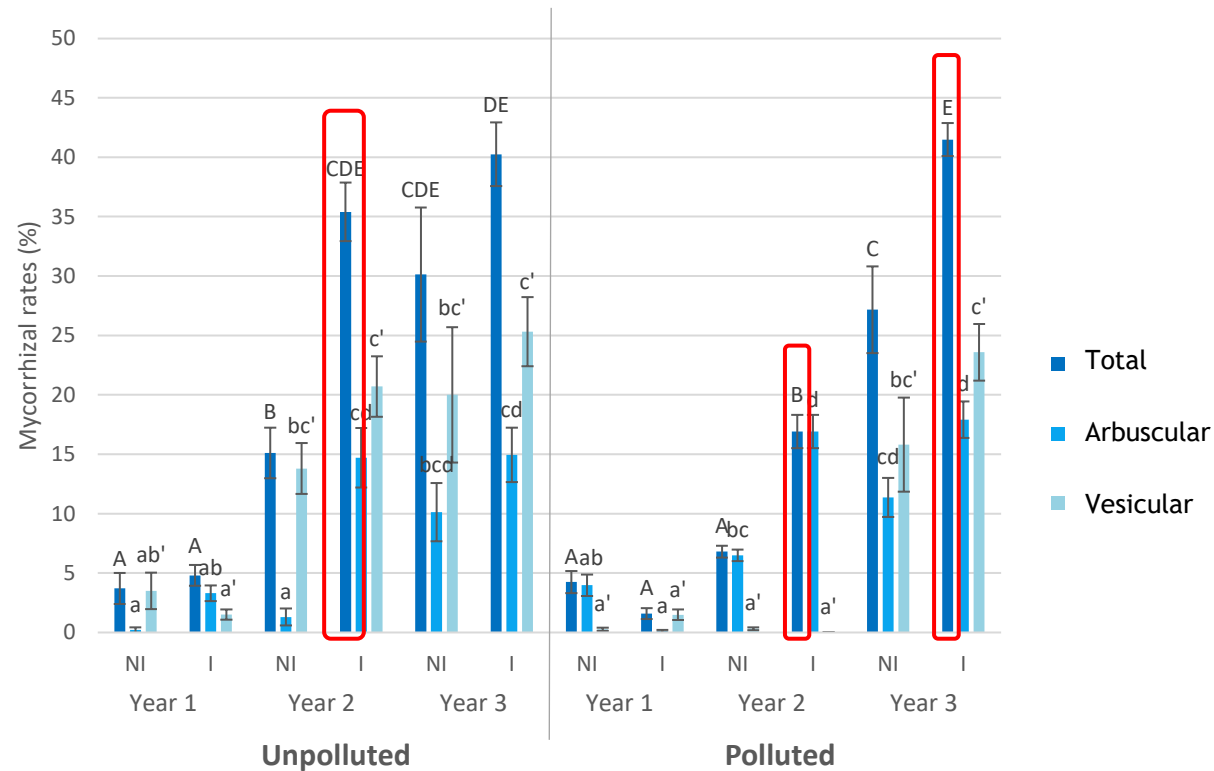
Arbuscules



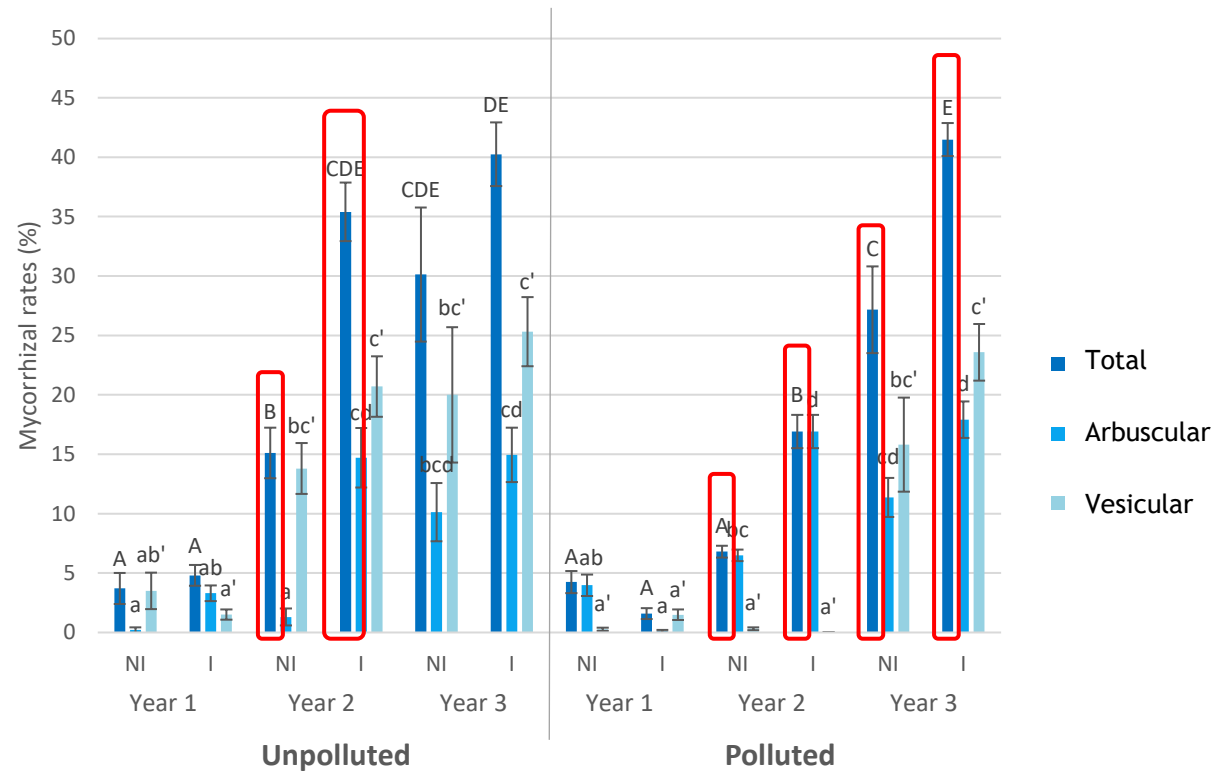
Hyphae



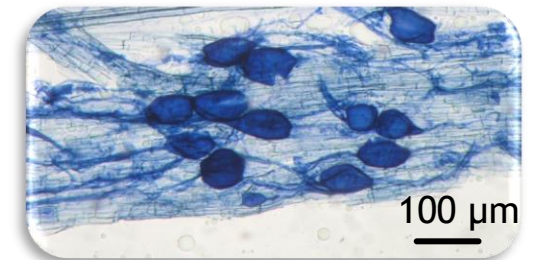
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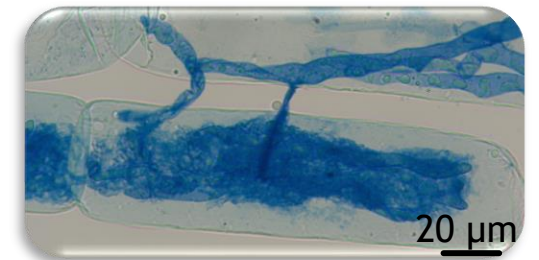
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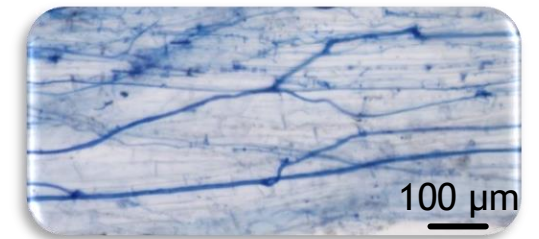
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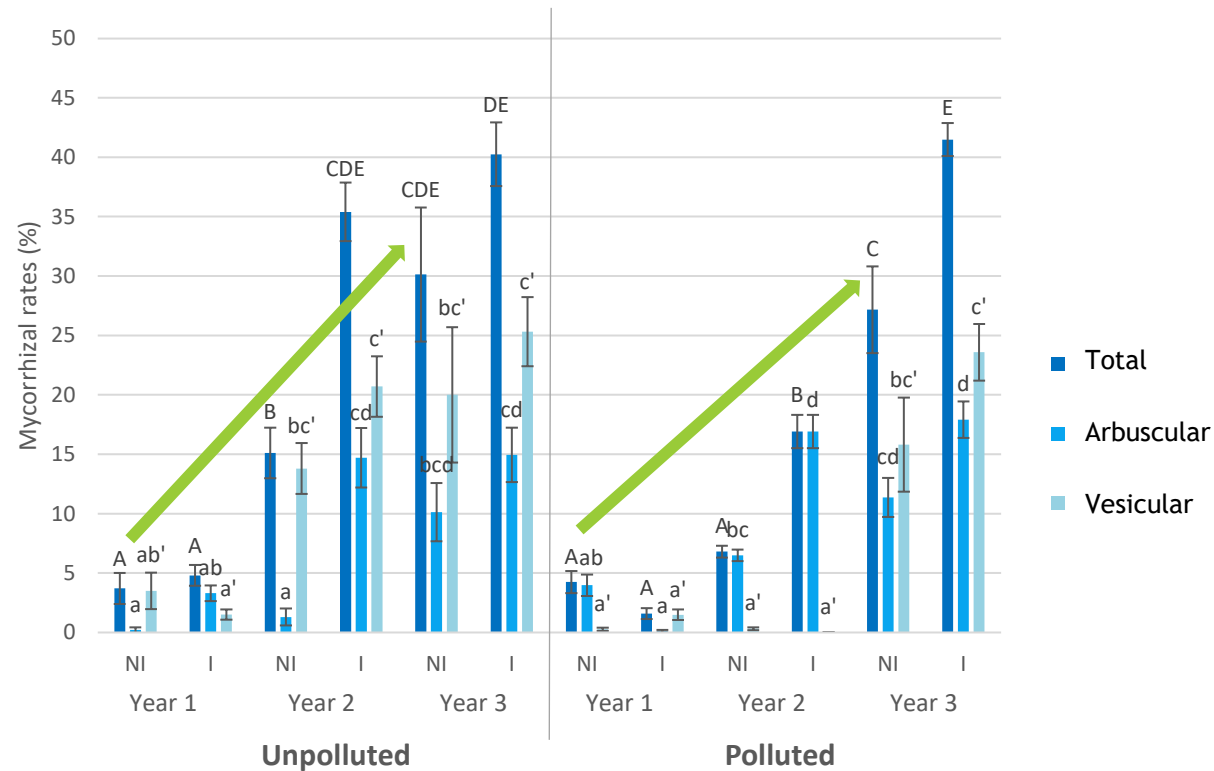


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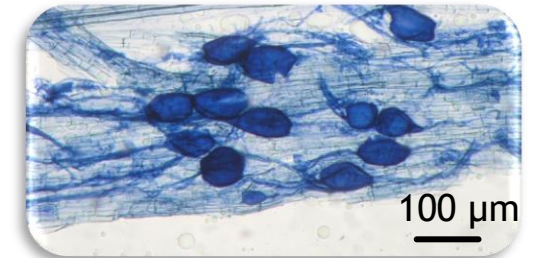




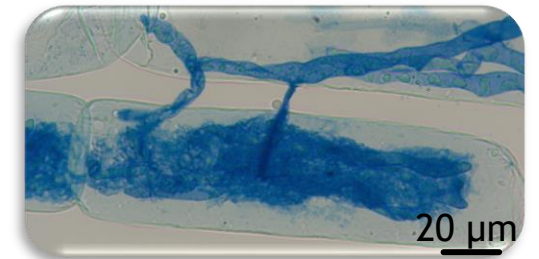
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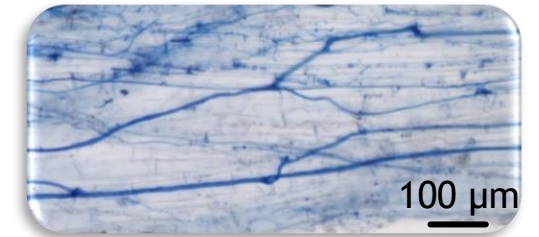
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# Essential oil production & quality



Conditions		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
		EO yield (kg/ha)	EO yield(kg/ha)	EO yield (kg/ha)
Unpolluted	NA	0,93	12,9	0,48
	A	0,53	20,3	2,7
Polluted	NA	0,17	33,7	1,4
	A	0,15	24,2	2,3

NA : Not amended - A : Amended

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Clary sage inflorescences		
	Unpolluted	Polluted
Cd	< LoQ	< LoQ
Pb	< LoQ	< LoQ
Zn	< LoQ	0,086

LoQ : Limit of quantification

- TE in EO lower than the LoQ in most samples

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	Clary sage inflorescences		
	Unpolluted	Polluted	Market
<b>Cd</b>	< LoQ	< LoQ	< LoQ
<b>Pb</b>	< LoQ	< LoQ	0,01
<b>Zn</b>	< LoQ	0,086	0,11

LoQ : Limit of quantification

- TE in EO lower than the LoQ in most samples
- Lower TE amounts than those in marketed products



# TE monitoring in sage aerial parts



TE	Reference : salad on unpolluted soil ( $\mu\text{g.g}^{-1}$ DW)	BCF	Washing effect	Mean [TE] in Year 1	Mean [TE] in Year 2	Inoculum effect - Year 1	Inoculum effect - Year 2	Time monitoring
Cd	0,029 - 0,4	< 1	-	I: 0,8 NI: 1,32	I: 0,69 NI: 0,9	Reduction	Reduction	≥ 2018
Pb	2,4	< 1	-	I: 7,03 NI: 12,02	I: 2,03 NI: 1,48		-	
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- Reduction of Cd, Pb and Zn accumulation in aerial parts in year 2 (same in year 3)
- Significant inoculation effect - reduction of Cd accumulation

# Techno-economic viability



## Determination of production costs

- Seeds
- Cultivation practices
  - Sowing, fertilization, harvest
- Farm inputs

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Wheat / winter barley / rapeseed : 717 €/ha	Coriander – seeds : 772 €/ha
Clary sage : 386 €/ha	Coriander – aerial parts : 706 €/ha

Production costs



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## Physico-chemical remediation

=> 500 000 €/ha

(Zhang, 2019)

## Phytomanagement methods

=> 700 à 10 000 €/ha

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Distillation costs



Techno-economic viability ?



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⇒ Coriander



⇒ Clary sage



# Conclusion

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## Coriander



## Clary sage



- Growth, biomass production, and EO yields
- EO quality (composition, contamination, biological properties)
- Aided phytostabilisation potential
- Distillation residue valorization
- Techno-economic viability
- Social acceptance



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- Social acceptance

Coriander



Clary sage



Clary sage

=

A promising option for the  
phytomanagement of TE-  
polluted soils

# Thank you

UCEiV

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Consortium PhyTEO – Steering committee

Funders



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Site web Phyteo Project: <https://phyteo.univ-littoral.fr>

Raveau *et al.*, 2020 - <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2020.586050>  
Raveau *et al.*, 2021 a - <https://doi.org/10.3390/microorganisms9061333>  
Raveau *et al.*, 2021 b - <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2021.147944>