

RUBIX S&I Senses & Instrumentation



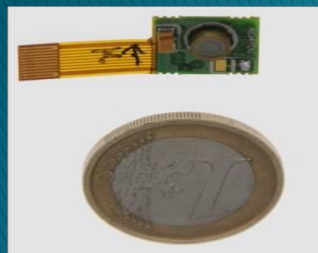
Waste . Industry . Composting . Water . Rendering

Nouvelle Génération de Barrettes de capteurs virtuels
miniaturisés en réseau pour smartphone et Big Data
pour analyse

(gaz, odeurs, lumière, bruit, allergènes, vibration, particules ..)
dans l'environnement extérieur

*Des exemples de corrélation entre mesures
analytiques et sensorielles.*

Fimeale Capteurs du 9 novembre 2017



RUBIX S&I



COMMENT UTILISER LA PUISSANCE DE LA
COMBINAISON DE BARRETTES DE CAPTEURS ET
DES SMART PHONE POUR CARTOGRAPHIER ET
SUIVRE LA QUALITE DE L'AIR EXTERIEUR DANS
DES VILLES.

AMENONS L'ANALYSE et L'INTELLIGENCE LA
OU SE TROUVE L'ECHANTILLON



RUBIX S&I



Mapping of a nordic (Danemark) city using
an arrays of stand alone gas sensors and
Virtual Sensors Arrays Systems mounted on
smart phone aiming at measuring gas and
odors on line indoor and outdoor

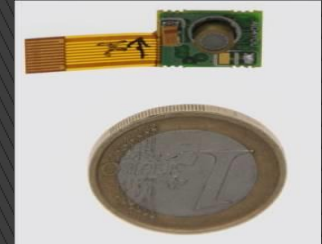


What is RUBIX S&I Fields of Expertise ?

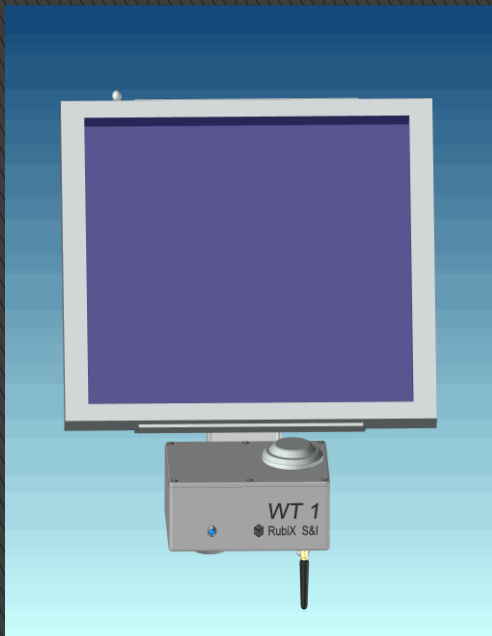
1> Development , manufacturing and sales of sensing modules for indoor and outdoor, Air VOC, Odor and in general chemicals and physical nuisances on line analysis (gas, odor, noise, light, radiations, RH, T°, vibration ...)

2> Development of customized sensing modules with various gas or physical sensors with holistic data processing for industrial use (smoldering fires, household appliances, Indoor air of cars & plane, oils & gas, cosmetics and personal care, Intelligent houses ..) including various form factors and reference design aiming at the mobile phone and wearable industry.

TECHNOLOGIES & PRODUCTS :



Outdoor



Indoor



RUBIX POD

With its RubiX POD, RubiX S&I enables companies to collect objective (measured by sensors) and subjective (according to people own perception) data.



Temperature



Moisture



Light (intensity, color, flicker)



Noise (40 to 20,000 Hz,
measurement of perception
by octave)



Odors (Data banks of odors
in the clouds, 4 sensors
allowing sources
identification)



Indoor air quality (6 gas
sensors sensitive to VOC,
H2S, CO2, CO, FA and BTX)



Particles (allergens,
chemicals and biologicals)

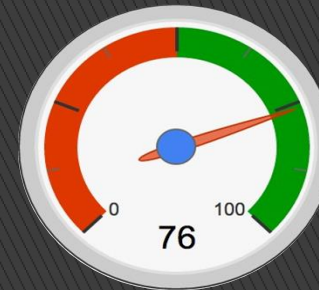
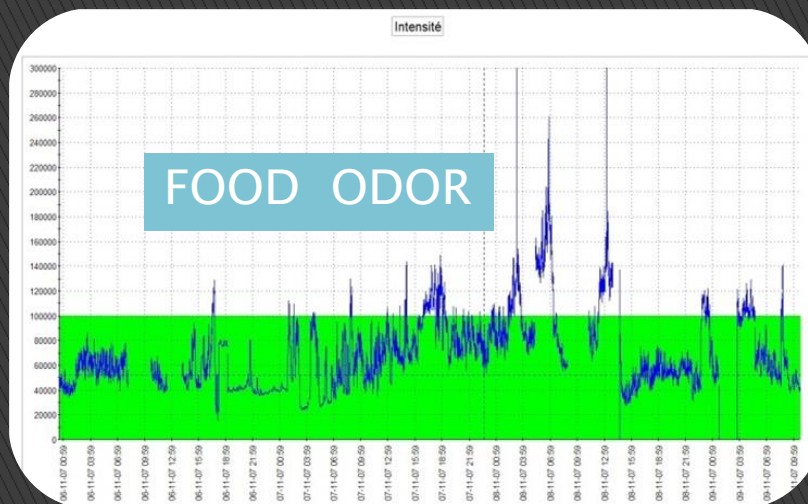









Vibrations, Pressure



A unique management of alarms and comfort factors (objective data)

Control Panel and Comfort Meter



							
70-b3-d5-9b-a0-00-01-14	48 %	21.61 °C	47 dB	267 lux	0 ppm	0	0
70-b3-d5-9b-a0-00-01-58	51 %	21.62 °C	46 dB	312 lux	0 ppm	0	0

E-Noses – WT1 – E-noses

Continuous monitoring of olfactory nuisances and gas emissions

WT1 E-nose

Odor diagnosis complementary approach

Continuous emission measurement

Dynamic 3D odor mapping

Real-time alert and sampling

Control of odor treatment facilities

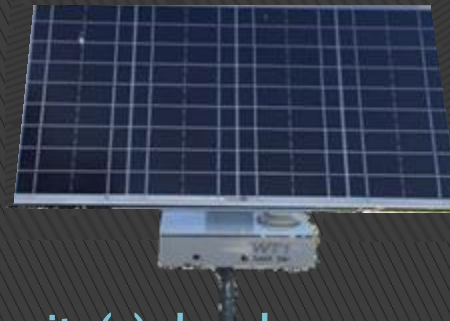
Waste

Industry

Composting

Water

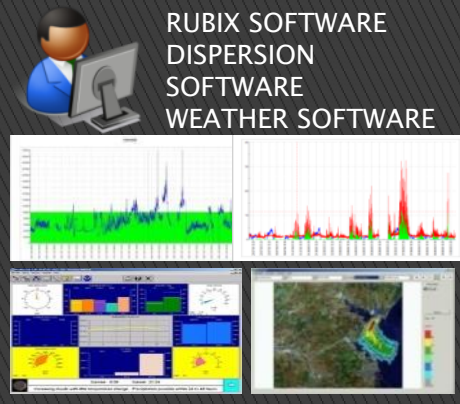
Rendering



Single or multi-site(s), local or remote monitoring

WT1 – Cloud based Global architecture

Monitoring center



Field-installed measuring device

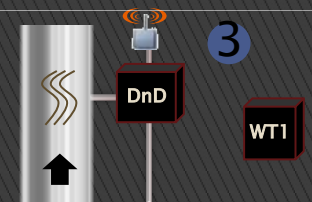
WT1 – WT2
ANALYZER
SOURCES TO BE MONITORED



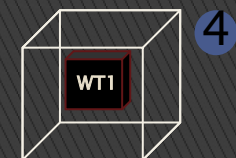
SURFACE SOURCES



SURFACE SOURCES



CHANNELED SOURCES



VOLUME SOURCES

WT 1 or WT2 Anywhere *Overall Architecture*

AREA MONITORING

Area monitoring center
Remote monitoring



Area odor map

SITE MONITORING

Monitored site

Site monitoring center
Local or remote monitoring

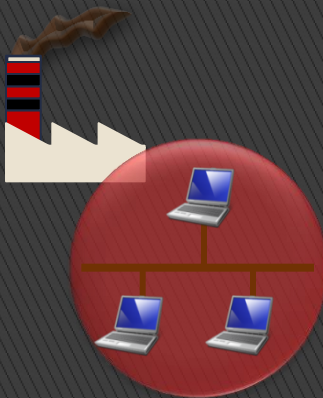
Monitored emission source

WT 2Anywhere in the Cloud

Overall Architecture

3/5

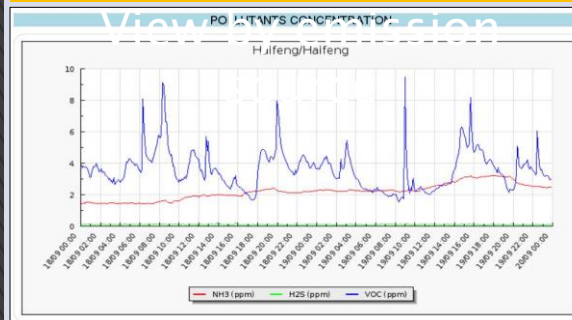
Site monitoring data



Site monitoring center

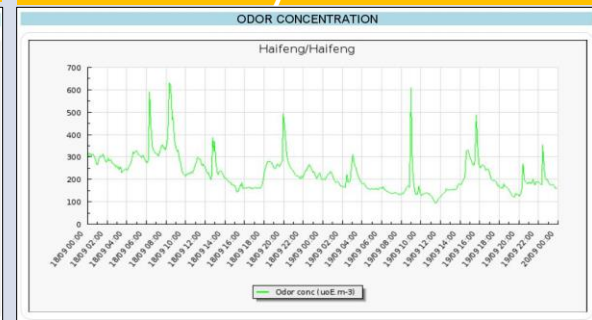
- Each site displays its own data
- No access to other sites data

Pollutant gas concentration



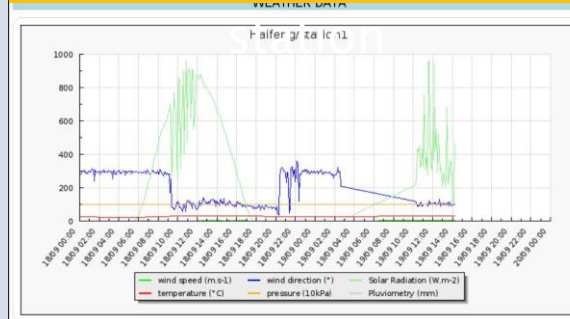
Odor concentration

View by emission



Weather data

From local weather



Daily dispersion reports

View by emission



- Odor
- VOC
- H₂S or RSH
- NH₃

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S&I PROPERTY

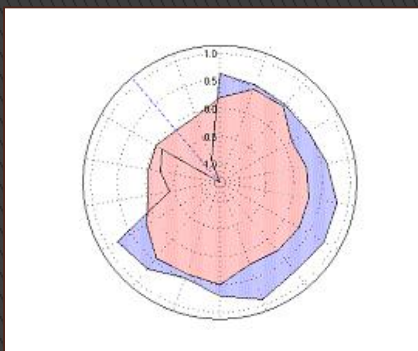




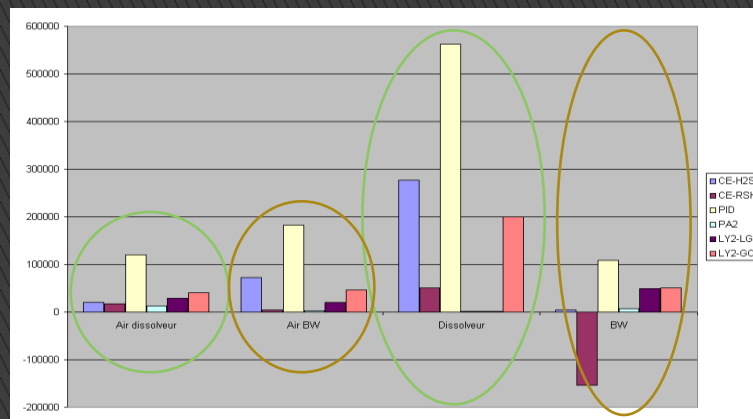
IDENTIFICATION OF SOURCES

Electronic nose results

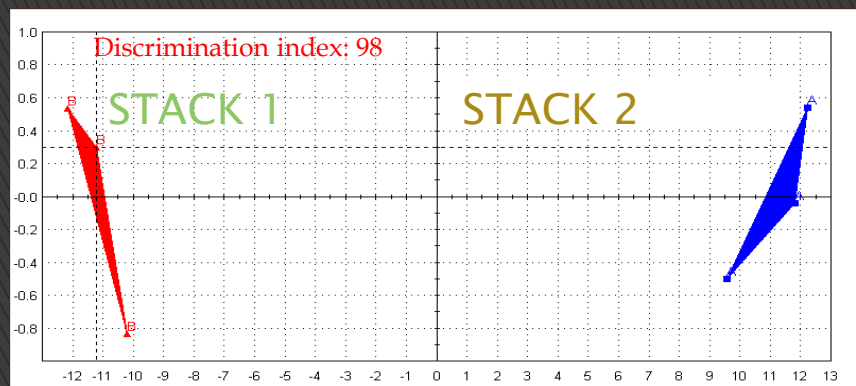
- ⇒ Ambient air has been collected near the two sources to define a « blank » considered as reference with acceptable odor.
- ⇒ On-line monitoring was conducted by collecting gas each two seconds. The sensor responses define a specific & different chemical profiles.



Radar plot representation:
Discrimination of the 2
stacks sources



- A radar plot representation gives a simple representation of the chemical & olfactive profiles.
- The profile of the two sources is very different as shown on the following PCA



Gas micro-sensors

Development program to develop micro gas sensors for improving :

- Sensitivity to specific gas (C2 H2...)
- Selectivity within complex matrix
- Speed (measurement every 28 ms)
- Size (smart applications)
- Electrical consumption (autonomy)
- Modulation capabilities
- Cost

RUBIX S&I

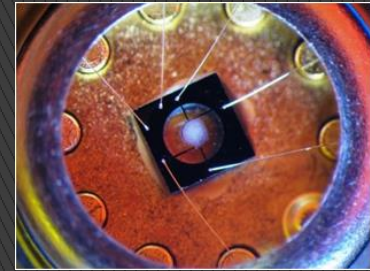
DATA PROCESSING – MINING

- ▶ Pattern recognition knowledge for gas, odors and particles identification :
 - AI (Artificial intelligence)
 - Multivariate statistics (PCA, DFA, PLS, SIMCA, ANOVA, SQC , MLR ...)
 - Neural Network with “Deep Learning”
 - Self learning algorithms
 - Fuzzy Logic
 - Base line Drift compensation
 - Humidity Drift compensation

▶ Gas Sensors and virtual sensors knowledge :

- From MOS to MEMS MOS

6 gas sensors
on a MEMS
Sensors arrays



4 gas sensors
on a MEMS
Sensors arrays

One classical
gas sensors

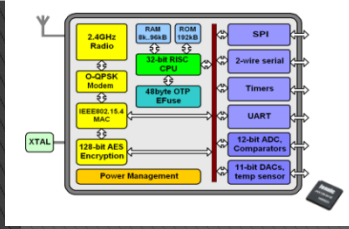
- From Electro-Chemicals to miniaturized EC



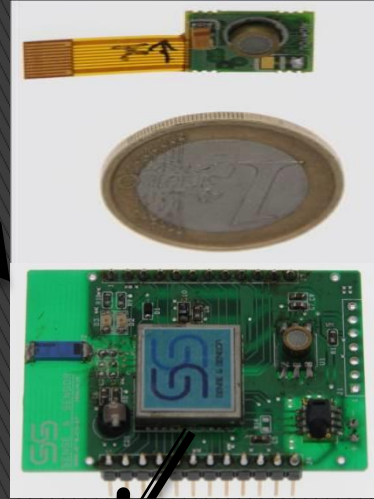
Technologies

Wireless E-nose System « WENS »

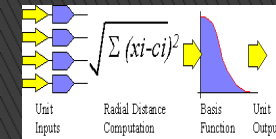
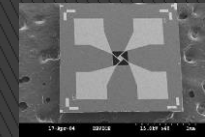
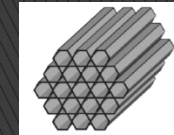
One chip Zigbee Chip (up to 100 meter)



3.3 Volts 100mV



Enose



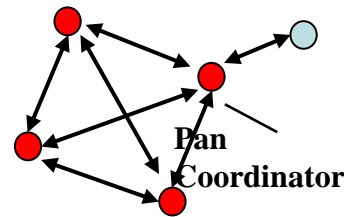
Metro rail station



Airport/plane

[home](#)

Museum



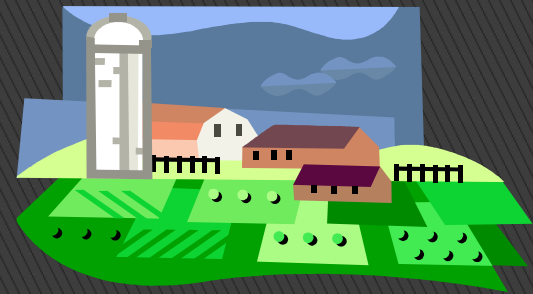
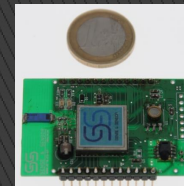
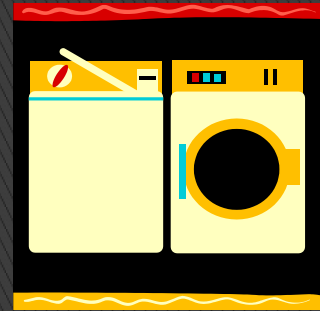
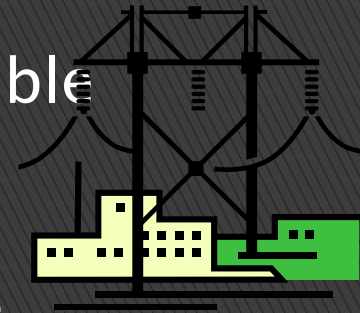
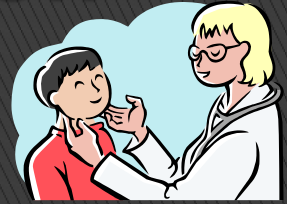
-  **Full Function Devices**
 **Reduced Function Device**
 **Communication Flow**

- ***Easy system installation***
- ***Low cost***
- ***Wide range coverage***
- ***Gas or odor distribution monitoring***
- ***Toxic gas detection***

industry

Customized Industrial solution targets

- ▶ Apply RUBIX S&I Enose technologies to industrial application / micro gas sensor
 - high volume
 - customized development possible
- ▶ Area
 - Industry, household appliances
 - Energy, transformers,
 - Medical
 - Food
 - IAQ
 - Mobile phone and wearables

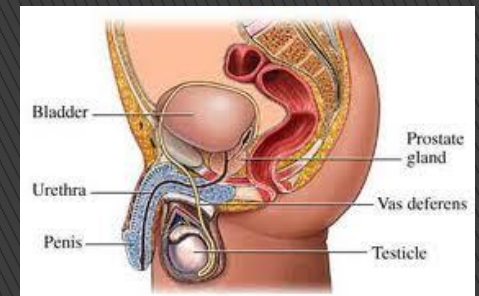


Non Invasive Personal mobile health monitoring applications

Samples types : Breath, Urine, Blood



- Detection of Vaginose / Vaginitis
- Detection of Lung Cancer (breath)
- Detection of Crohn disease (breath)
- Detection diabetes (breath)
- Detection of Ketosis (breath)
- Detection of prostate cancer (urine)
- Detection of colon Cancer

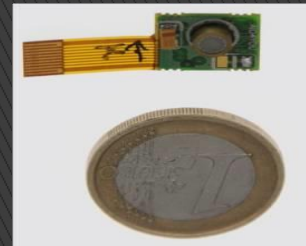


Mobile Phone applications

Samples types : Breath, Food , solid or liquid samples



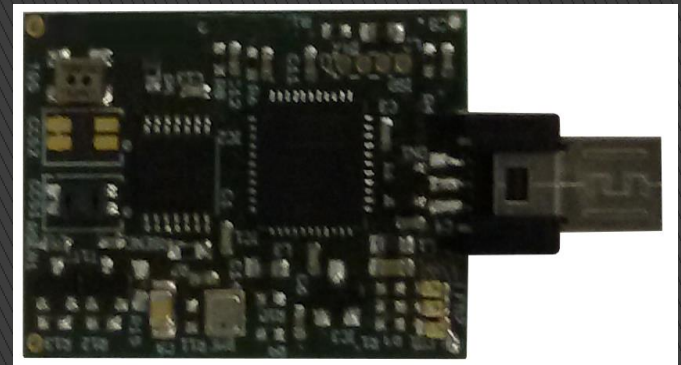
- Detection of Ethanol in breath
- Detection of overall pollution
- Detection of fish freshness
- Detection of good breath and more...



DEVELOPMENT

▶ VIRTUAL SENSORS ARRAYS SYSTEM AS A SMART PHONE PLUG IN FOR GAS & ODOR DETECTION:

- MOS MEMS
- 2 cm *1 .5 cm
- MODULATION of VARIOUS PARAMETERS
- LEARNING CAPABILITIES
- DATA LOGGER
- VARIOUS WEB BASED APPLICATIONS



An application dedicated to the analysis of perception (subjective data)



Temperature



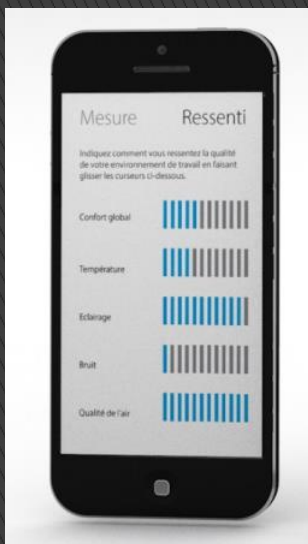
Moisture



Air Quality
And VOC (Gas,
BTX, Odor origin
identification



Feeling



Olfactometry

Principle

- ▶ A panel of qualified and selected assessors evaluates the average **dilution factor** $\bar{Z}_{ITE,pan}$ that must be applied to a sample in order to reach the odour detection threshold of the panel.
- ▶ By definition, the **odour concentration** ($C_{od, threshold}$) at the panel **detection threshold** is **1 ou_E.m⁻³**.
- ▶ This value corresponds to the dilution factor for which the odorous sample has a 50% probability to be detected by the population.

$$C_{od} = C_{od, threshold} \times \bar{Z}_{ITE,pan} = 1 \text{ ou}_E.m^{-3} \times \bar{Z}_{ITE,pan}$$

C_{od} (ou_E.m⁻³): Odour conc. of the sample

$C_{od, threshold}$ (ou_E.m⁻³): Odour conc. at the detection threshold of the panel (1 ou_E.m⁻³)

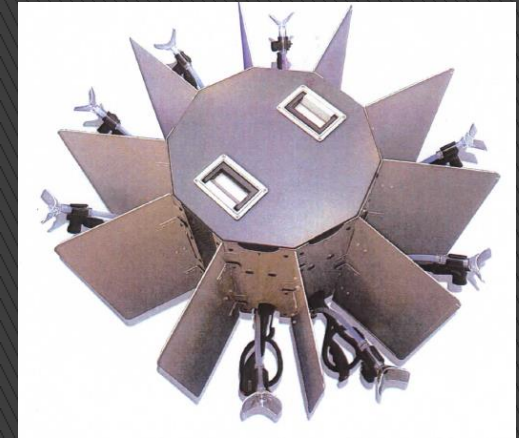
$\bar{Z}_{ITE,pan}$: average dilution factor applied to the sample to reach 1 ou_E.m⁻³ (odour detected by 50 % of the panel)

Olfactometry

On-field olfactometers

- ▶ Portable olfactometers
 - 8 sniffing ports EN13725 compliant
 - Dilution range from 2^2 to 2^{16} (65536)

- ▶ Olfactometer 2 ports
 - From 2 to 30 000 ou



Sensors & Microsensors

On-field analysis of odorous molecules

- ▶ Specific sensors located at the source (high concentration and on line GC)
 - Monitoring of specific gases concentration (ppm level)
 - H_2S , SO_2 , NH_3 , SO_2 ...
 - Control of odour treatment facilities by taking chemical thresholds into account
- ▶ Specific microsensors located in the environment (low concentration)
 - Monitoring of specific gases concentration (ppb-ppm level)
 - S Box : H_2S , RSH
 - N Box : NH_3



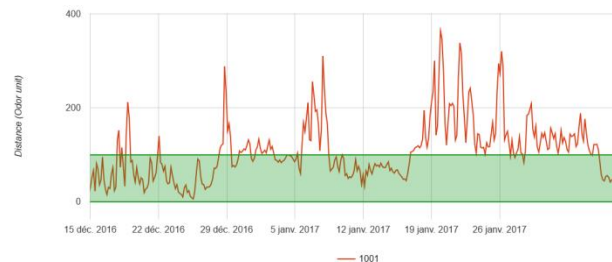
MAIN RESULTS

Main results

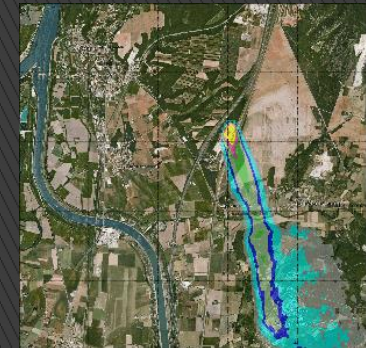
- ▶ A 60-day correlation study for odor impact
- ▶ 100% correlation between instrumental measurements and side resident perception with the 4D Lagrangian dispersion modeling

	GARDE ABREVIÉ		GRANGES GONTERDES				DONZERE			
DATE APPEL TELEPH	M. ARAGONA	MEYNAUD G.	Mme DUHOQ	MANEVAL Fil.	SEMEND Jean Claude	SERMAND Jean Pierre	GUGON Robert	REY Lion	Mme MORTIER	MANEVAL Coqueline Frederic
	04 75 95 56 92	04 75 94 44 43	04 75 51 06 78 06 75 09 70 45	04 75 98 58 40	04 75 98 58 28	04 75 95 54 17	04 75 51 43 25 06 72 92 13 11	04 75 51 43 18 06 87 54 48 47	04 75 51 77 16 06 65 51 33 75	04 67 45 04 15
18/07/2009	Absent	Absent	Furt à partir de 17 h 30	Absent	Non	Absent	Non	Non	Absent	
18/07/2009			Furt (maître mort)							
20/07/2009	Lager à 08 h	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Absent	
21/07/2009	Non	Non	Non	Absent	Non	Non	Non	8 H. 00 fact (OM)	Absent	
22/07/2009	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	7 H. 30 fact (OM)	Absent	
23/07/2009	Non	Non	Non	Non	Absent	Non	Non	Non	Absent	
24/07/2009	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	
25/07/2009	Absent	Absent	OUI ben fact 18h20h	Non	Absent	Non	Non	Non	Absent	
26/07/2009										
27/07/2009	Non	Absent	Non	Non	Non	Non	Non	OUI 7h à 18h odors déchets	Non	OUI 18h à 19h odors déchets

Daily record of neighborhood complaints



Odor dispersion plume (Fast-forward)



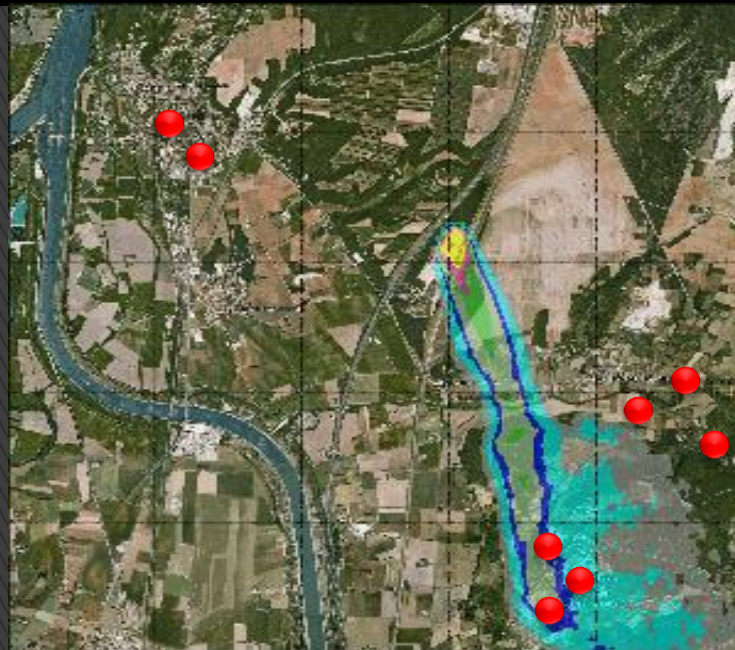
Odor units
ou_E.m⁻³



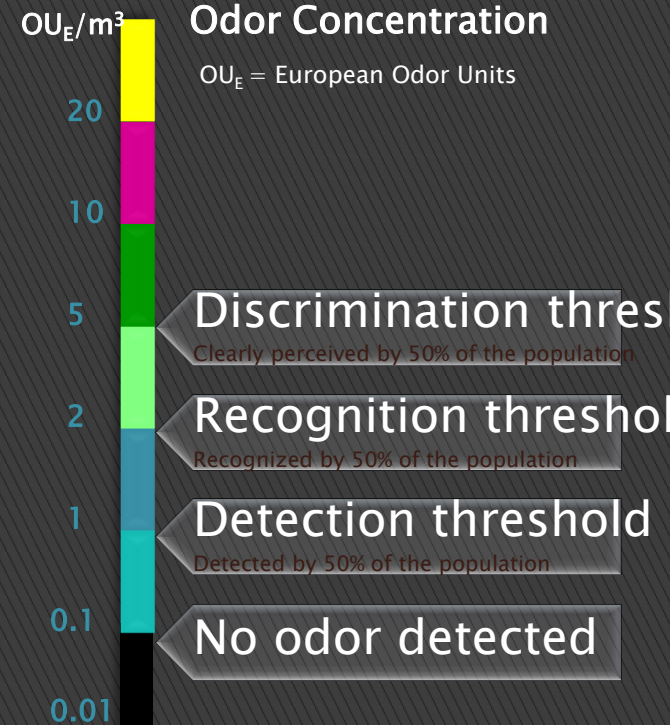
WT1 Results

4D Dispersion Software

Dynamic and continuous modeling of the odor/pollutant dispersion



● Concentration at points of interest



CONCLUSION

- ▶ PLUS :

Very good Correlation between MOS MEMS SmartPhone Plug In :

- And olfactometry (13725)
- And on line GC and on line static gas sensors particularly for BTX and mercaptants
- Allows big data correlation with sensory perception
- Allows dispersion towards localised data collection point
- Very good correlation with olfactometry Correlation Factor $R^2 > 0,9$)

- ▶ WEAKNESSES :

- ▶ Training is still needed
- ▶ Full transferability in development
- ▶ RSD on gas measurement $> 50 \%$ at low concentration

Q&A

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